## YOUNG WOMEN SAY NO



## LEARNING OBJECTIVES

- To think critically about the different tactics of contemporary campaigns led by young women and those which existed historically.
- To discuss the importance of gender equality, and the different ways in which womens' oppression can manifest.
- To demonstrate and challenge the ways that young women are criticised for their attempts to change the world for the better.





MISS DORA THEWLIS.

(Leeds Mercury, 27<sup>th</sup> March 1907)

Dora Thewlis was born in 1890 in Huddersfield.

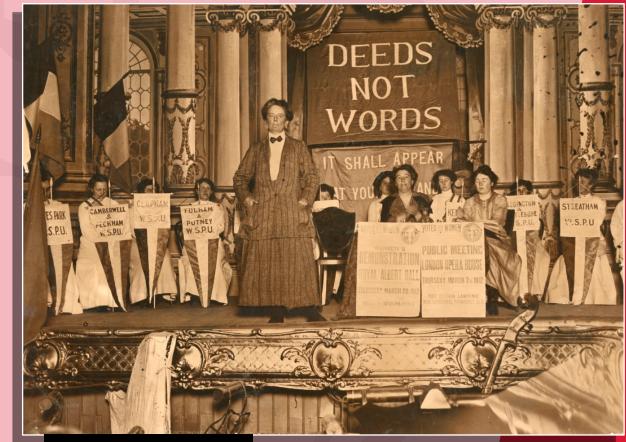
She worked in a mill as a weaver, earning £1 per week.

She joined the Women's Social and Political Union (WSPU) when it was founded in 1903.

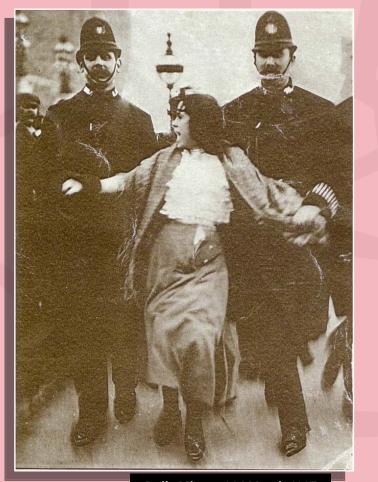


Members of the Women's Social and Political Union (WSPU) were called 'Suffragettes.'

Unlike 'Suffragists', they often broke the law to draw attention to their cause.



(The Women's Library, LSE)



After her arrest, Dora was called 'The Baby Suffragette' in the newspapers.



Daily Mirror, 21<sup>st</sup> March 1907



Follow

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If you've been sexually harassed or assaulted write 'me too' as a reply to this tweet.

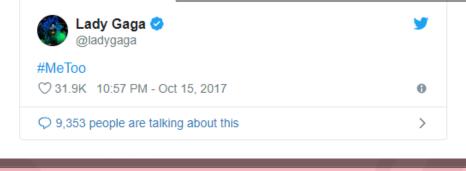
Me too.

Suggested by a friend: "If all the women who have been sexually harassed or assaulted wrote 'Me too.' as a status, we might give people a sense of the magnitude of the problem."



Rosario Dawson 🤣 @rosariodawson

## All too pervasive... Me too. #MeToo #TogetherWeRise



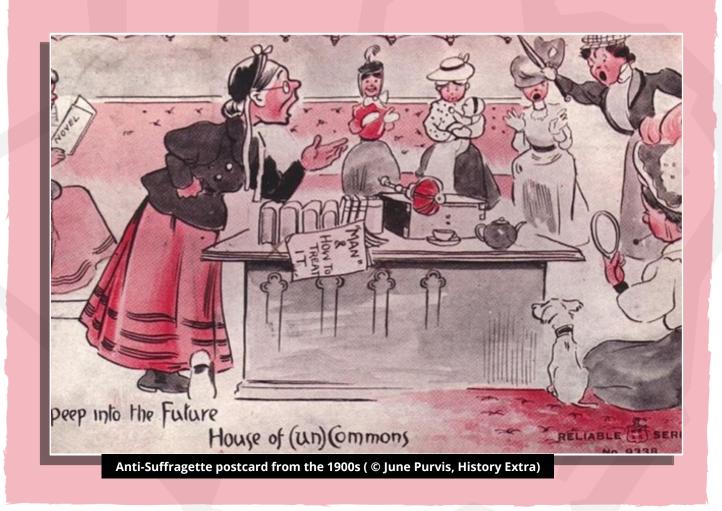






Cartoon from Punch Magazine published in 1906.







## THANKS TO FUNDERS AND PARTNERS:



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